



B27005

DIRECT-PURCHASE HEALTH INSURANCE BY SEX BY AGE
Universe: Civilian noninstitutionalized population
2010 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, for 2010, the 2010 Census provides the [official counts of the population and housing units for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns](#).

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Data and Documentation](#) section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Methodology](#) section.

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	689,249	+/-1,872
Male:	351,120	+/-2,257
Under 6 years:	33,667	+/-1,374
With direct-purchase health insurance	496	+/-365
No direct-purchase health insurance	33,171	+/-1,422
6 to 17 years:	64,400	+/-2,292
With direct-purchase health insurance	3,246	+/-1,261
No direct-purchase health insurance	61,154	+/-2,836
18 to 24 years:	31,899	+/-1,604
With direct-purchase health insurance	1,782	+/-610
No direct-purchase health insurance	30,117	+/-1,589
25 to 34 years:	47,996	+/-1,811
With direct-purchase health insurance	2,934	+/-1,150
No direct-purchase health insurance	45,062	+/-1,893
35 to 44 years:	45,510	+/-1,647
With direct-purchase health insurance	2,401	+/-973
No direct-purchase health insurance	43,109	+/-1,715
45 to 54 years:	56,100	+/-1,441
With direct-purchase health insurance	3,150	+/-746
No direct-purchase health insurance	52,950	+/-1,603
55 to 64 years:	46,546	+/-828
With direct-purchase health insurance	4,733	+/-1,008
No direct-purchase health insurance	41,813	+/-1,302
65 to 74 years:	17,286	+/-721
With direct-purchase health insurance	2,538	+/-816
No direct-purchase health insurance	14,748	+/-970
75 years and over:	7,716	+/-531
With direct-purchase health insurance	1,890	+/-518
No direct-purchase health insurance	5,826	+/-589
Female:	338,129	+/-1,869
Under 6 years:	30,792	+/-1,532
With direct-purchase health insurance	516	+/-306
No direct-purchase health insurance	30,276	+/-1,573
6 to 17 years:	59,125	+/-1,729
With direct-purchase health insurance	1,840	+/-612
No direct-purchase health insurance	57,285	+/-1,735
18 to 24 years:	33,878	+/-1,226
With direct-purchase health insurance	1,970	+/-564
No direct-purchase health insurance	31,908	+/-1,306
25 to 34 years:	47,646	+/-1,232
With direct-purchase health insurance	1,945	+/-765
No direct-purchase health insurance	45,701	+/-1,319
35 to 44 years:	44,094	+/-1,124
With direct-purchase health insurance	2,554	+/-735

	Alaska	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
No direct-purchase health insurance	41,540	+/-1,305
45 to 54 years:	54,924	+/-1,223
With direct-purchase health insurance	3,792	+/-782
No direct-purchase health insurance	51,132	+/-1,490
55 to 64 years:	40,842	+/-895
With direct-purchase health insurance	3,624	+/-852
No direct-purchase health insurance	37,218	+/-1,235
65 to 74 years:	16,632	+/-733
With direct-purchase health insurance	3,632	+/-895
No direct-purchase health insurance	13,000	+/-912
75 years and over:	10,196	+/-716
With direct-purchase health insurance	1,919	+/-577
No direct-purchase health insurance	8,277	+/-790

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The health insurance coverage category names were modified in 2010. See [ACS Health Insurance Definitions](#) for a list of the insurance type definitions.

While the 2010 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.